

## PRE-SEAL CONCENTRATE

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Trade Name:	PRE-SEAL CONCENTRATE			
SUPPLIER:	Solutions – Sealers for Stone & T	Solutions – Sealers for Stone & Tile.		
ADDRESS:	2/27 Central Park Drive, Yandina	2/27 Central Park Drive, Yandina QLD 4561, Australia.		
TELEPHONE:	1300 4 STONE (78663)	FAX:	+ 61 7 5446 7381	
EMERGENCY PHONE:	13 1126 in Australia 0800 764 766 in New Zealand	Email:	info@solutionssealers.com.au	
Substance:	Water based liquid	Product Use:	Sealer	
Creation Date:	April 2023	Revision Date:	April 2028	

Classification of the substan	nce or mixture
Poisons Schedule	S5 (Potassium methylsiliconate)
Dangerous Goods	Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail"
GHS Classification	Based on available information, this material is classified as Hazardous according to the Globally
	Harmonised System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS7) including Work, Health
	and Safety regulations, Australia.
	Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Category 1
	Skin Corrosion/Irritation category 1B
Label elements	, ,
GHS label pictograms	
	GHS05
Signal word	DANGER
Hazard statement(s)	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Precautionary statement(s)	: General
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P103	Read label before use.
Precautionary statement(s)	: Prevention
P260	Do not breathe dusts or mists.
P264	Wash hands and skin thoroughly after handling
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Precautionary statement(s)	: Response
P301 + P330 + P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or
	shower].
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/



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P321	Specific treatment (see on this label)		
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present		
	and easy to do. Continue rinsing.		
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/		
P362 +P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.		
Precautionary statement(s):	Storage		
P405	Store locked up.		
Precautionary statement(s): Disposal			
P501	Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local regulations.		
Note			
IMPORTANT	This SDS and the Hazard Classifications contained therein, only apply to the product in its concentrated form, as supplied. When diluted to <b>1:100</b> or greater with water, they no longer apply. However, good hygiene and housekeeping practices should be adhered to.		

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS		
Ingredients:	CAS Number:	Proportion:
Potassium methylsiliconate	31795-24-1	>50 % w/w
Ingredients determined to be non-hazardous at concentrations present.	various	To 100 % w/w

NOTE: Ingredients determined not to be hazardous are present in concentrations that do not exceed the relevant cut-off concentrations as found from Safe Work Australia: Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS), European Chemicals Agency (ECHA), or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a hazardous substance as defined in the Safe Work Australia publication "Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances", or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a dangerous substance as defined in the GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM OF CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING OF CHEMICALS (GHS7). Listed ingredients may be below the cut-off concentrations for classification as hazardous, but are listed for information purposes and for additive effects.

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES		
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air away from exposure. Obtain medical attention if symptoms occur.	
Skin contact	Immediately wash contaminated skin with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated	
	clothing and wash before re-use. Seek medical advice (e.g. doctor) if irritation, burning or redness persists.	
Eye contact	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact lenses. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/	
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Do NOT attempt to give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately. Give water to drink. If vomiting occurs, give further water to achieve effective dilution. Seek medical advice (e.g. doctor).	
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically.	
Scheduled Poisons	Poisons Information Centre in each Australian State capital city or in Christchurch, New Zealand can provide additional assistance for scheduled poisons. (Phone Australia 131126 or New Zealand 0800 764 766).	
First Aid Facilities	Eye wash station. Normal washroom facilities.	

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES		
Fire and Explosion	Non flammable liquid. However, on evaporation of the aqueous component, the residual	
Hazards	material may burn.	
<b>Extinguishing Media</b>	Use an extinguishing media suitable for surrounding fires.	
Fire Fighting	Keep containers exposed to extreme heat cool with water spray. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus if risk of exposure to products of combustion or decomposition.	
Flash Point	None	



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SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES		
<b>Emergency Procedures</b>	Minor spills do not normally need any special clean-up measures – rinse with water.	
	In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Wear	
	appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Increase	
	ventilation. As a water based product, if spilt on electrical equipment the product will cause	
	short-circuits. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent material onto spillage. Collect	
	the material and place into a suitable labelled container. Do not dilute material but contain.	
	Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination	
	of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authorities in	
	accordance with local regulations.	

SECTION 7 – HAND	SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE		
Handling	Avoid skin or eye contact with concentrate. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. Keep containers closed at all times. Avoid physical damage to containers. Always wash hands with soap and water after handling. Work clothes should be laundered. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.		
Storage	Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight. Protect from freezing. Store in suitable, labelled containers. Keep containers tightly closed. Store away from incompatible materials. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations.		

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE	CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION
Exposure Limits	National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by Safework Australia:  Time-weighted Average (TWA):  None established for product.  Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):  None established for product.
Ventilation	Do not inhale vapours/aerosols. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure airflow, where this product is used, is directed away from the operators.
Personal Protective Equipment	Use good occupational work practice. The use of protective clothing and equipment depends upon the degree and nature of exposure. The following protective equipment should be available;
Eye Protection	Safety glasses with full face shield should be used for handling concentrate in quantity, cleaning up spills, decanting, etc. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.
Hand Protection	Wear gloves of impervious material such as butyl rubber, natural latex, neoprene, PVC and nitrile – to handle in quantity, clean up spills, decanting, etc. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.
Body Protection	Suitable protective workwear, e.g. rubber or plastic apron, sleeves, boots and cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist are recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.



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#### Respirator



If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable vapor/mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES			
Physical State	Non-viscous liquid	Colour	Clear
Odour	characteristic odour	Specific Gravity	1.4 @ 25 °C
<b>Boiling Point</b>	Approximately 100 °C	Freezing Point	Approximately -84 °C
Vapour Pressure	Not available	Vapour Density	Not available
Flash Point	Not flammable	Flammable Limits	none
Water Solubility	Miscible in all proportions	рН	>13 neat
Volatile Organic	0 % v/v	Per Cent Volatile	
Compounds (VOC)			Not available
Viscosity	Not available	Odour Threshold	Not available

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
Reactivity	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	
Conditions to Avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
Incompatibilities	Reacts with acids. Reaction causes the formation of heat.	
Hazardous		
Decomposition	Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes.	

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION			
POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS			
No adverse health effects ex	No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label.		
Symptoms or effects that m	ay arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:		
Inhalation	Inhalation of mists or aerosols can produce mucous membrane and respiratory irritation.		
	Exposure to high concentrations of the product in liquid form or as a mist may lead to possible		
	harmful corrosive effects including lesions of the nasal septum, pulmonary oedema,		
	pneumonitis and emphysema.		
Skin contact	Corrosive to skin - may cause skin burns, severe irritation. Corrosion will continue until removed.		
	Severity depends on the concentration and duration of exposure. Burns are not immediately		
	painful; onset of pain may be minutes to hours.		
Eye contact	Concentrated product causes severe eye irritation. Eye contact with concentrate will cause		
	stinging, blurring, tearing. Contact with concentrated product may cause serious eye damage.		
Ingestion	Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting of blood and eroded tissue; chemical burns of the		
	mouth, throat & abdomen; perforation of the gastrointestinal tract.		
Chronic exposure	No known effects.		
Toxicology Information	Not toxic, based on ingredients. Oral LD50 (ATE calculated): >2,000 mg/KG (BODY WEIGHT)		
Carcinogen Status			
NOHSC	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NOHSC.		
NTP	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.		
IARC	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.		
Respiratory sensitisation	Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.		
Skin Sensitisation	Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.		
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.		



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Reproductive Toxicity	Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.
STOT-single exposure	Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.
STOT-repeated exposure	Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.
Aspiration Hazard	Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL	INFORMATION
Acute Aquatic Toxicity	Not harmful to aquatic life. LC50 > 100mg/L.
Product (as sold)	Acute Aquatic Toxicity (ATE Calculated) LC50: >500 mg/L.
	Acute Aquatic Toxicity NOT HAZARDOUS
	NOTE: The hazard of the substance for the environment is caused by the hydroxyl ion (pH effect). For this reason the effect of the substance on the organisms depends on the buffer capacity of the aquatic or terrestrial ecosystem. The high water solubility and low vapour pressure indicate that the substance will be found predominantly in water. Also the variation in acute toxicity for aquatic organisms can be explained for a significant extent by the variation in buffer capacity of the test medium.
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable.
Bio accumulative potential	No adverse effects expected.
Mobility in soil	No data known.
Other adverse effects	No data known.
<b>Environmental Protection</b>	Do not discharge this material into waterways.

## SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations. Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes including emptied containers are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT I	SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION	
Labels Required	UN 3267 Corrosive liquid, basic, organic, N.O.S. (contains potassium methylsiliconate)	
	CORROSIVE	
ADG	Not classified as Dangerous Goods.	
IMDG Marine Pollutant	No	
HAZCHEM	2X	
Land Transport (ADG)		
UN Number	3267	
Proper Shipping Name	Corrosive liquid, basic, organic, N.O.S. (contains potassium methylsiliconate)	
ADG Code	8	
HAZCHEM Code	2X	
IERG Number	37	
Special Provisions	None allocated.	
Packing Group	None allocated.	
Packaging Method	None allocated.	



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Segregation	This material is classified as a Class 8 Corrosive Substances Dangerous Goods
	Class 8 Dangerous Goods are incompatible in a placard load with any of the following:
	- Class 1: Explosives
	- Division 4.3: Dangerous when wet Substances
	- Division 5.1: Oxidising substances
	- Division 5.2: Organic peroxides
	- Class 6, Toxic or Infectious Substances, if the Class 6 dangerous goods are cyanides and the
	Class 8 dangerous goods are acids
	Class 7: Radioactive materials unless specifically exempted
	and are incompatible with food and food packaging in any quantity.
	Strong acids must not be loaded in the same freight container or on the same vehicle with
	strong alkalis. Packing Group I and II acids and alkalis should be considered as strong.

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY	INFORMATION
GHS Classification	Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and
	labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.
SUSMP	S5
ADG Code	Class 8
AICIS	All ingredients present on AICIS.



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Issue Date	24 <sup>th</sup> April 2023
Version Number	V 2.0 GHS7 first issue.
Abbreviations and	ADG Code: Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.
acronyms	AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.
•	CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.
	GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	HAZCHEM: An emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency
	services.
	HSIS: Hazardous Substances Information System
	IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.
	NOHSC: National Occupational Health and Safety Commission.
	NTP: National Toxicology Program (USA).
	SDS: Safety Data Sheet
	STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit.
	SUSMP: Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.
	TWA: Time Weighted Average.
	UN Number: United Nations Number.
Literature references	Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals – Code of Practice ( Safe Work Australia)
	GHS Hazardous Chemical Information List (Safe Work Australia)
	Guidance on the Classification of Hazardous Chemicals under the WHS Regulations.
	Global Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)
	"Australian Exposure Standards". Safework Australia
	Australian Code For The Transport Of Dangerous Goods By Road And Rail
	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
	Safety Data Sheets – individual raw materials – Suppliers
	HSIS – Hazardous Substance Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base.
	HCIS – Hazardous Chemical Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base.
	ECHA – European Chemicals Agency.
Disclaimer	This SDS summarizes at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of this product and in particular how to safely handle and use this product in the workplace. Since the supplier cannot anticipate of control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review this SDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace. If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this supplier.